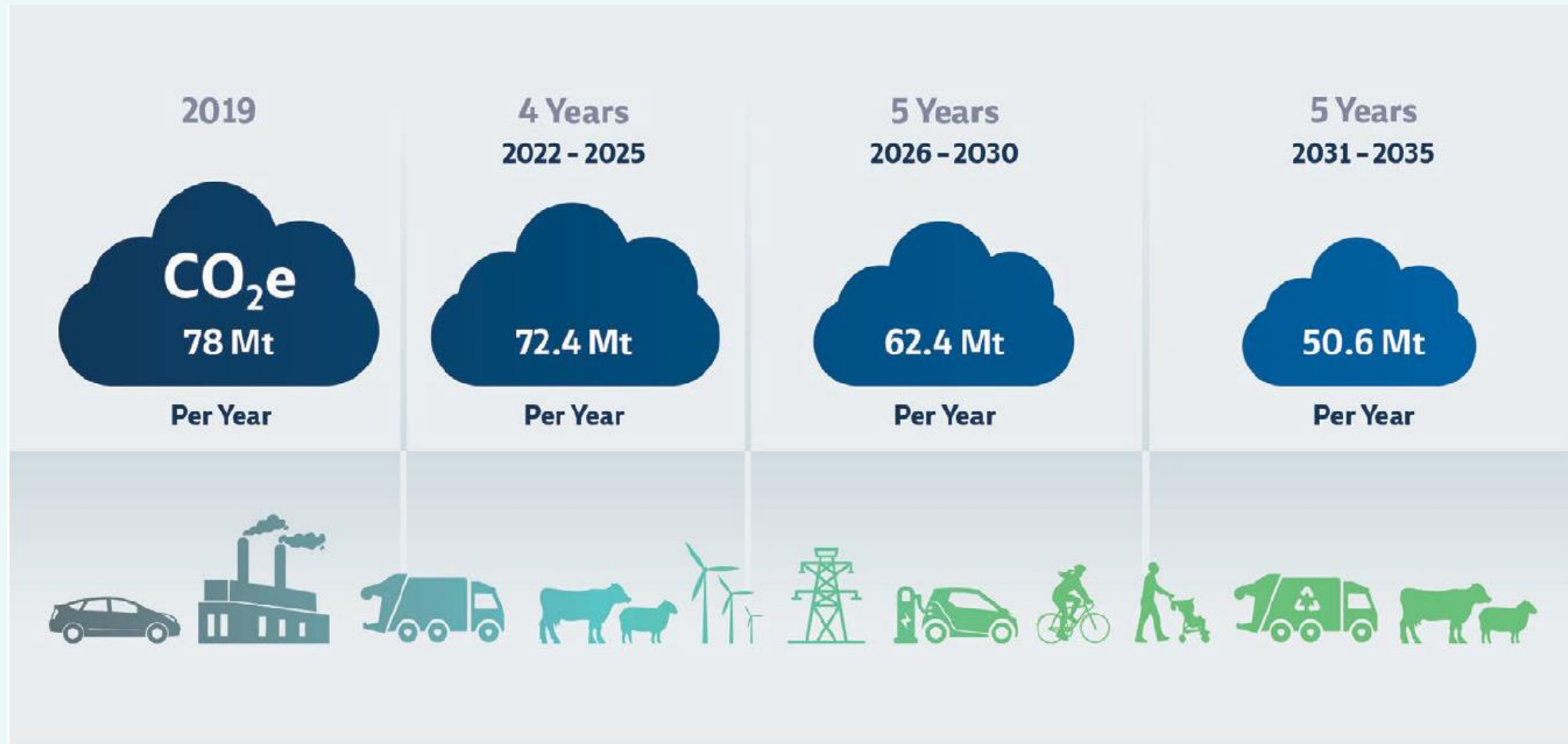


# Ināia tonu nei: a low emissions future for Aotearoa

10 September 2021

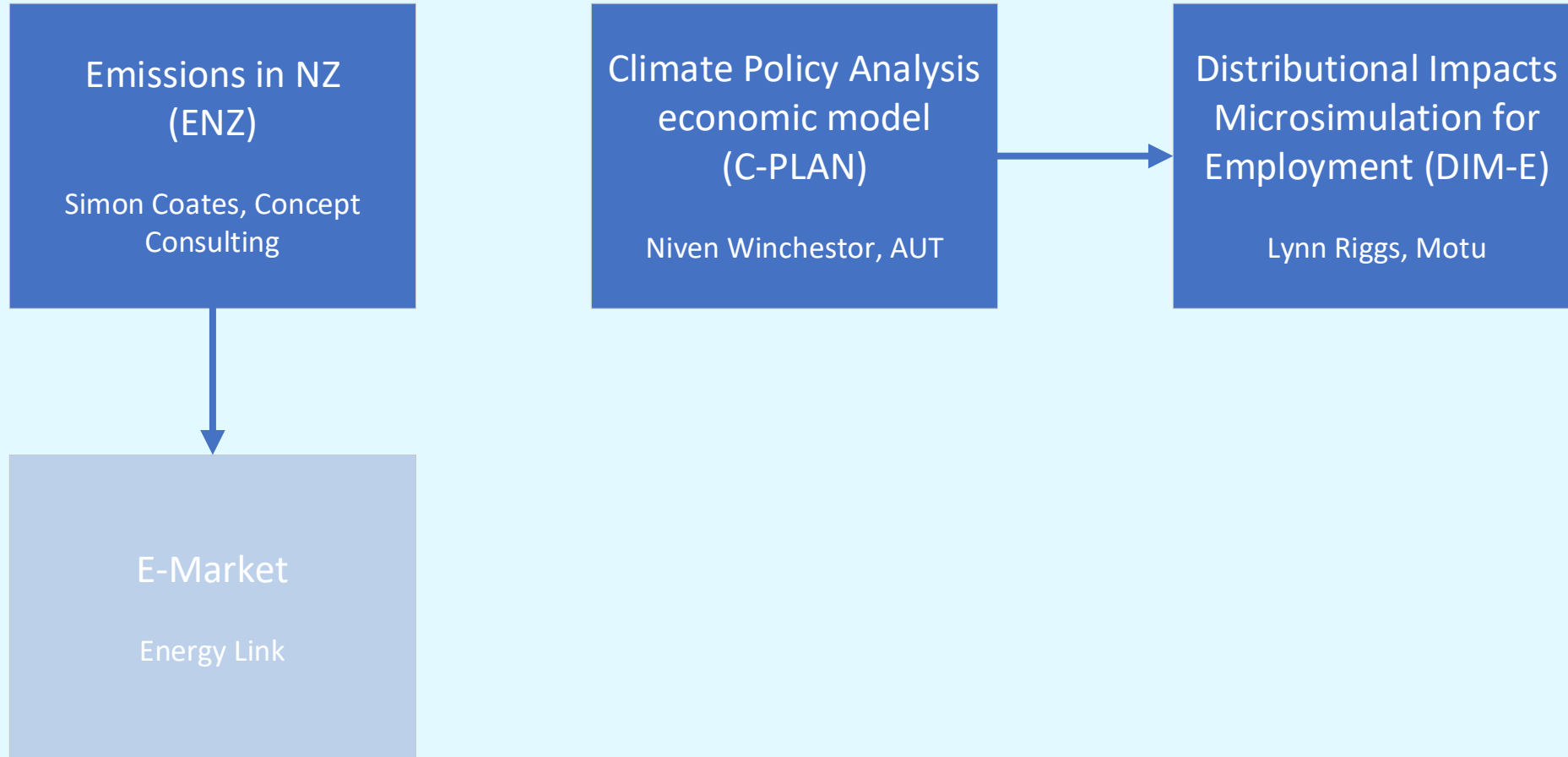
EPOC Winter Workshop 2021  
Sean Buchanan

# Emissions budgets



*Emissions budgets 2022 - 2035 (AR5) annual average emissions*

# Our modelling ecosystem



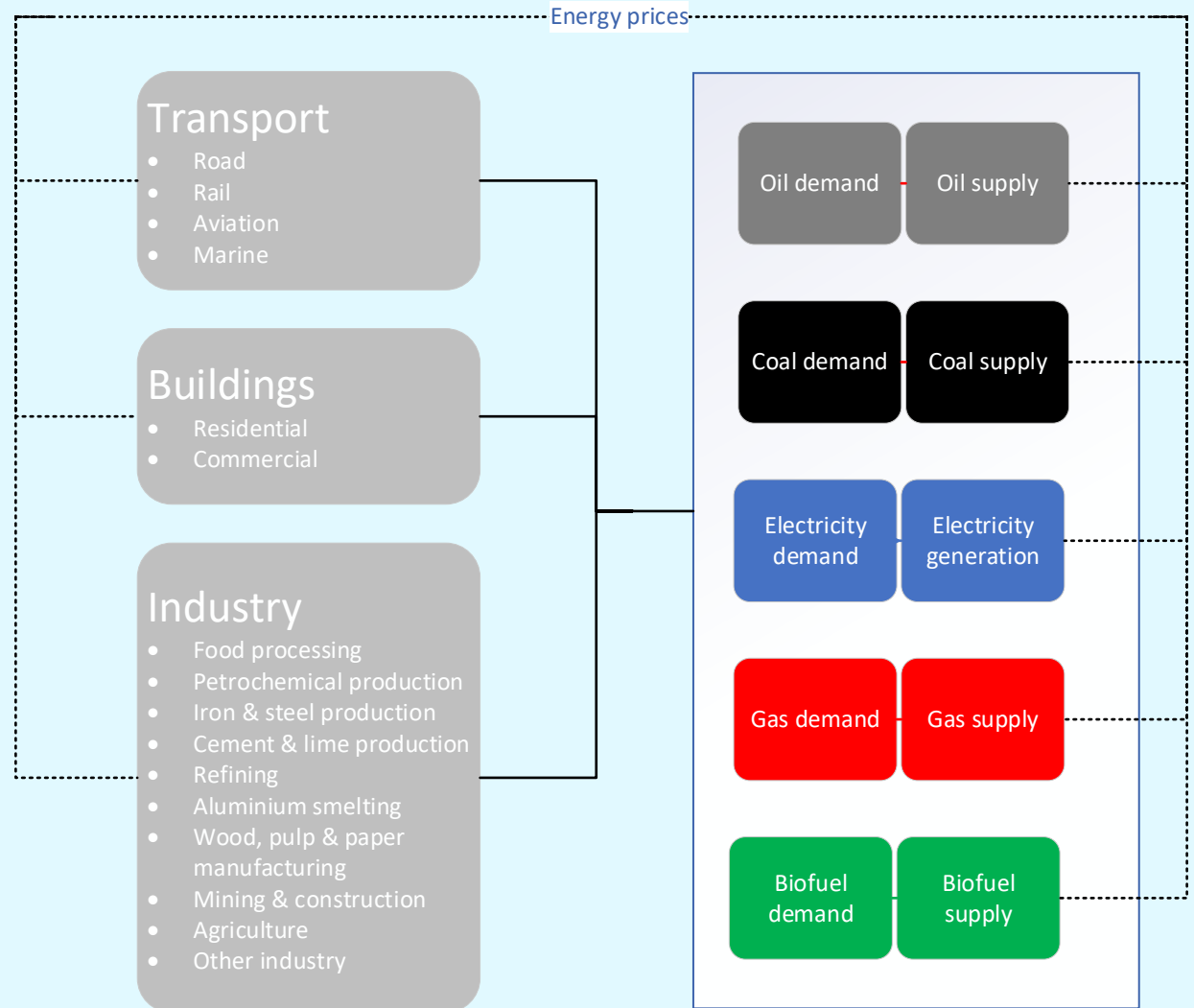
# Emissions in NZ model (ENZ)

- Used to set emission budgets
- Bottom-up techno-economic model of all emitting sectors of the economy
  - Industry, Transport, Energy supply, Buildings, Agriculture, Forestry, Waste
- Rich set of technology and behaviour mitigation options for reducing emissions
- Key sector linkages
- Captures key sector dynamics

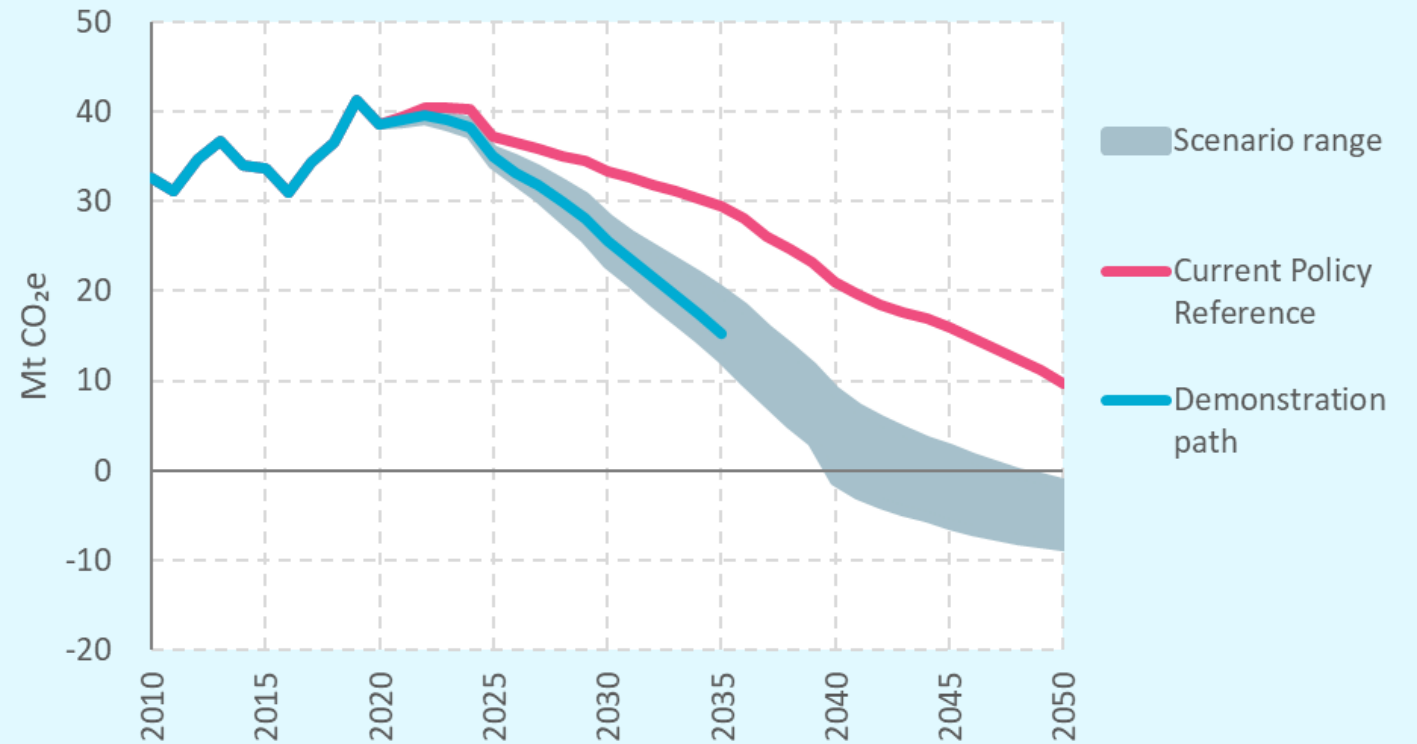
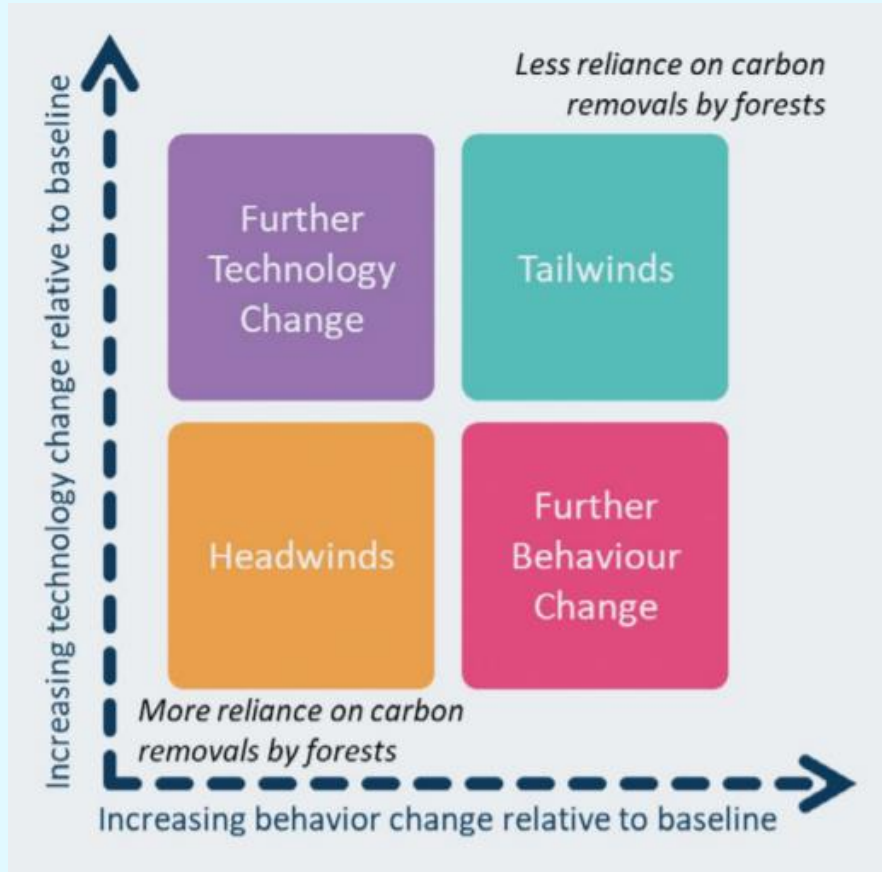
# Emissions in NZ model (ENZ)

## Key inputs:

- Emissions value
- Population
- GDP
- Coal, Oil, LNG, biomass price



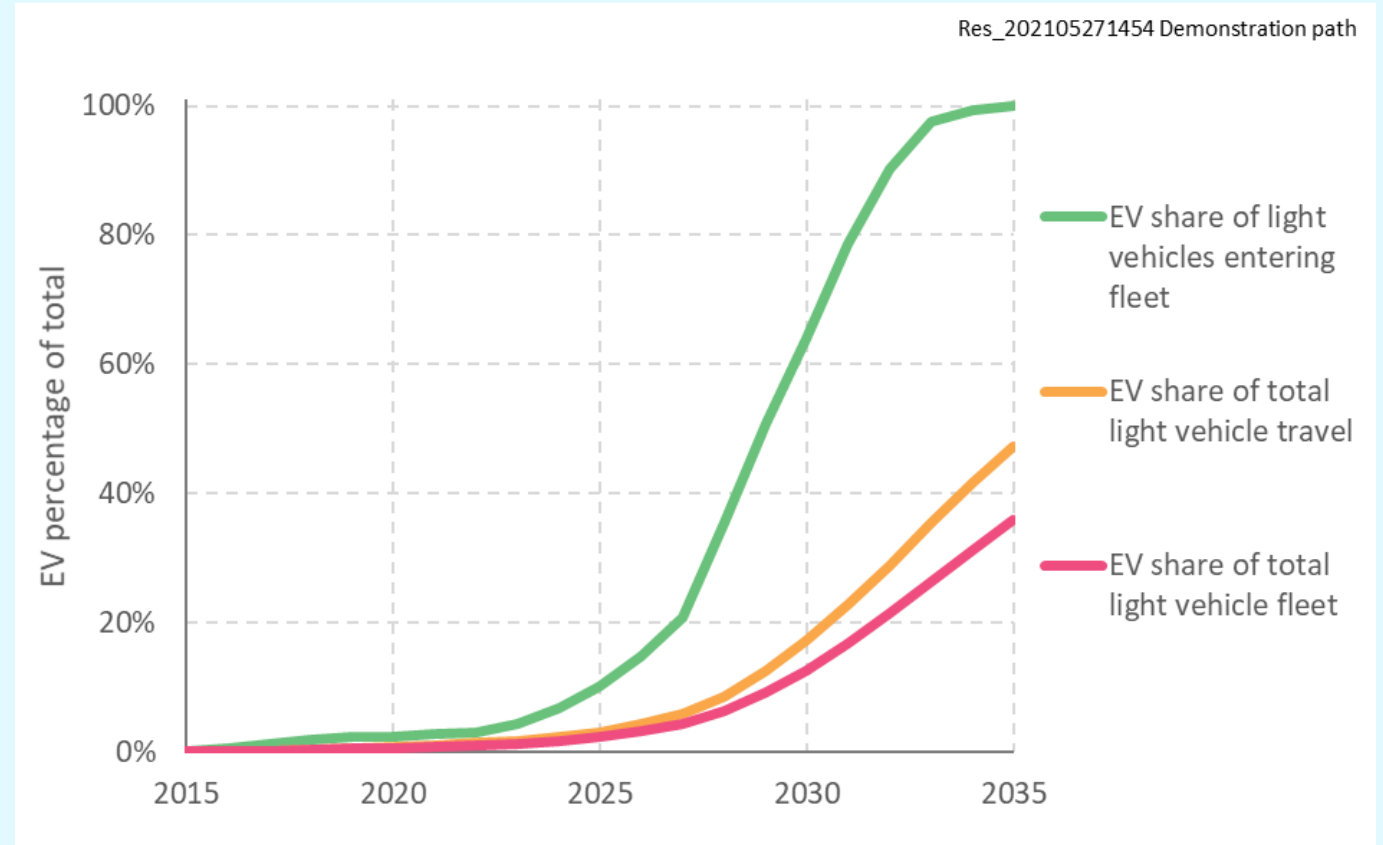
# Reference, Scenarios and Pathway



Net long-lived emissions (MtCO<sub>2</sub>e)

# Electrification – Road Transport

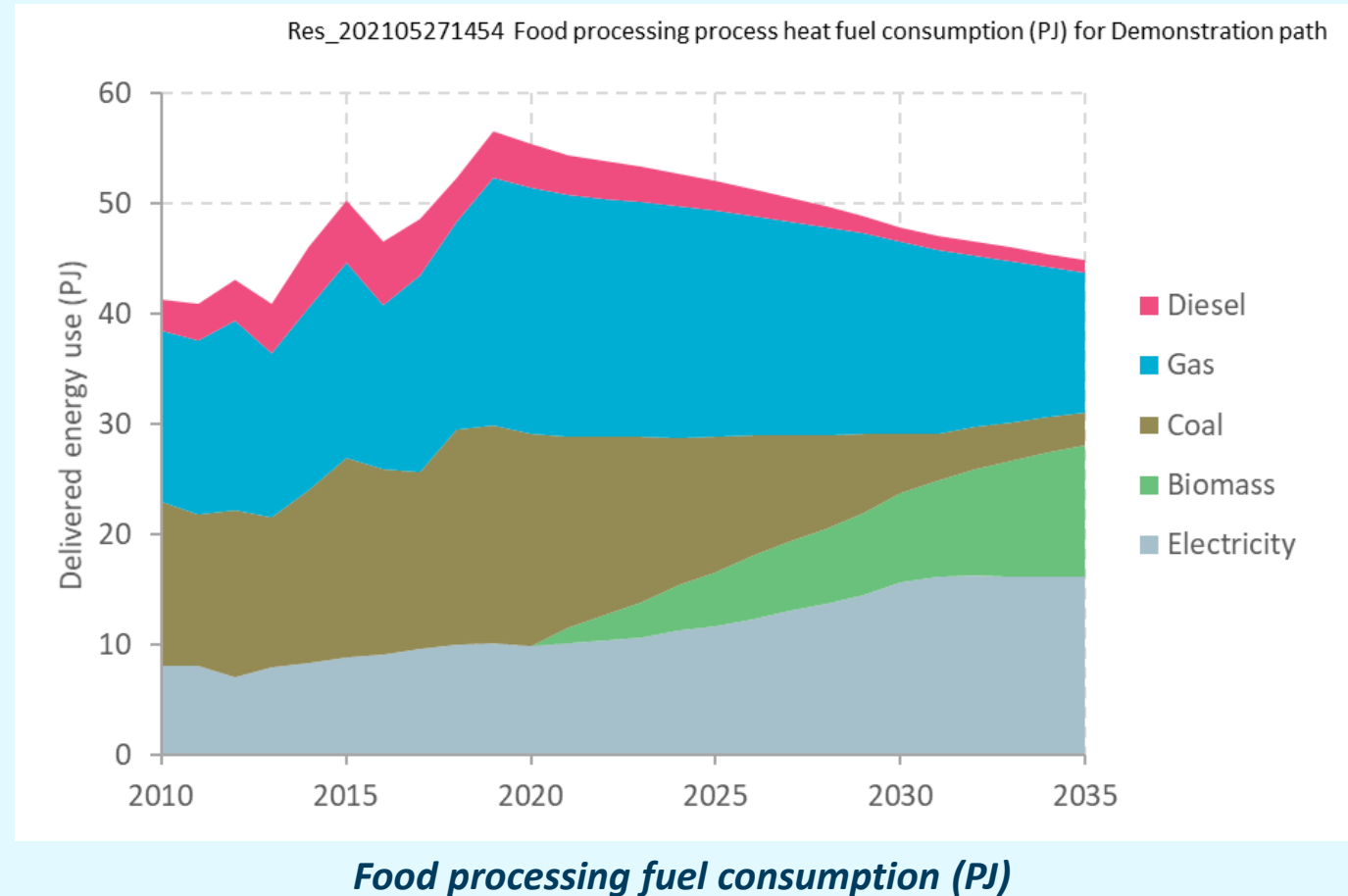
- Fleet model
  - Light passenger & commercial vehicles
  - Medium and heavy trucks
  - Buses
- Vehicle selection based on total cost of ownership
- Rate constraints applied



*EV uptake for light vehicles*

# Electrification – Process heat

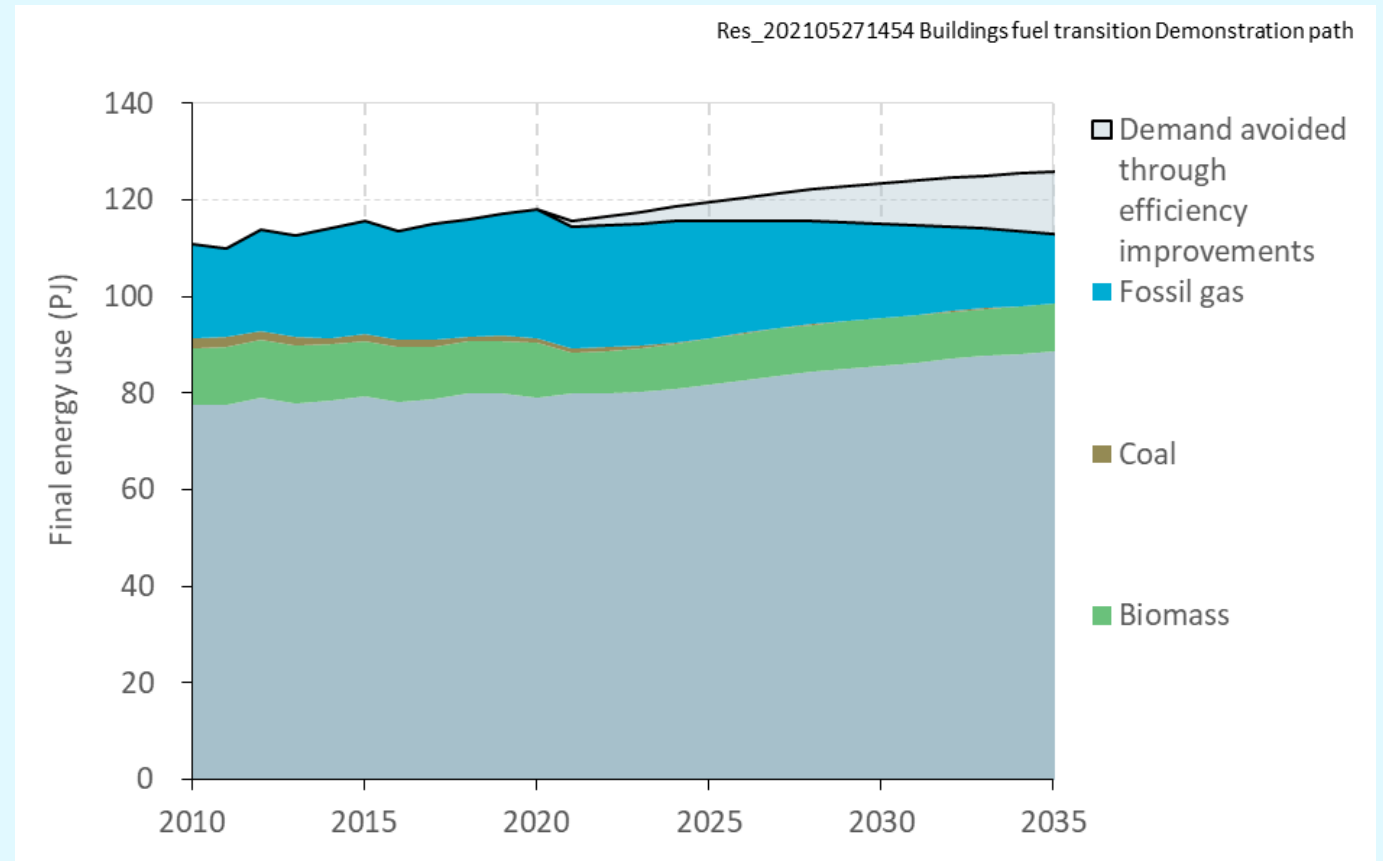
- Regional process heat demand linked to agricultural production
- Fuel switching to biomass to supply limits
- Electrify residual load





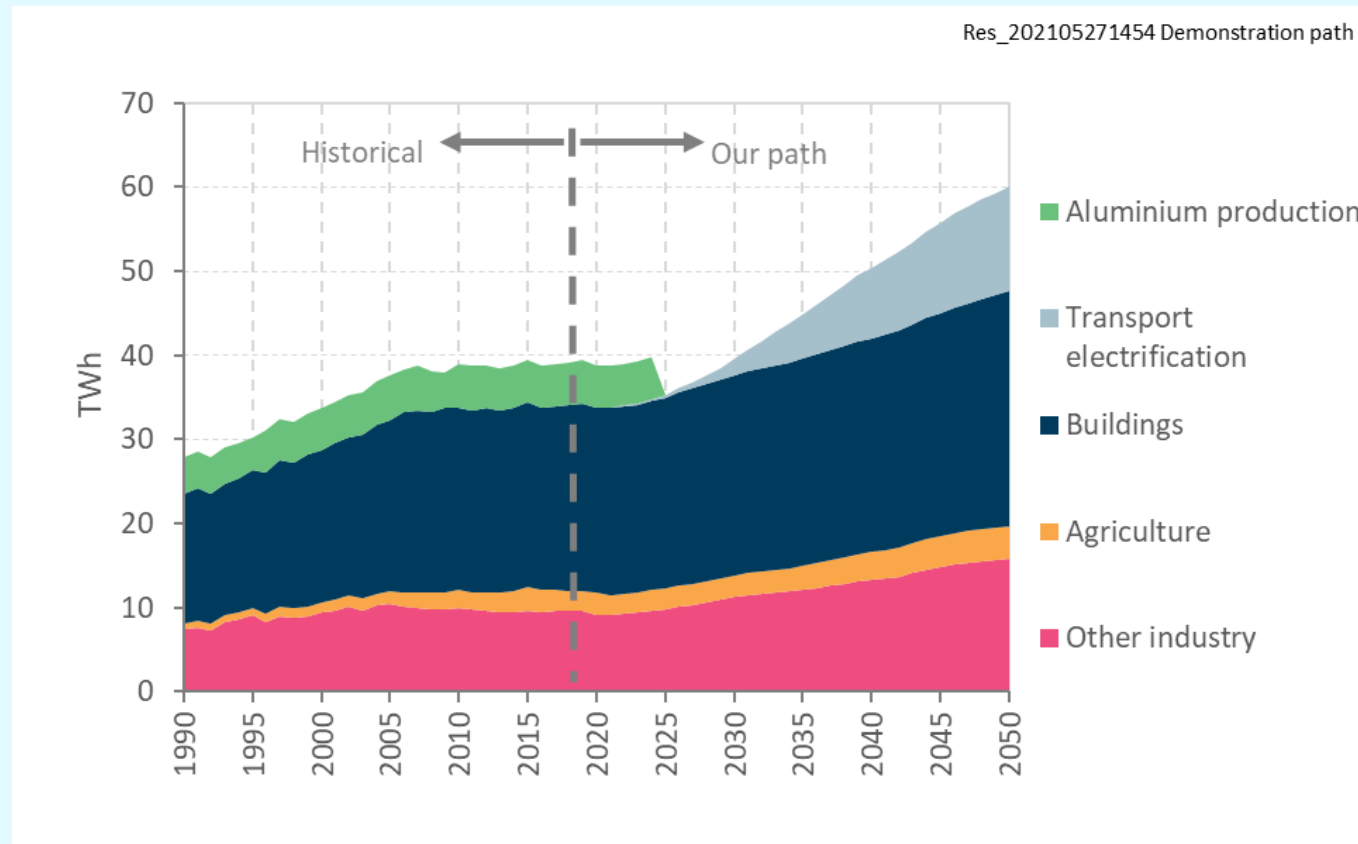
# Electrification – building heating

- Building stock model
- Gas or electric heating selection based on relative costs



*Fuel consumption in residential, commercial and public buildings (PJ)*

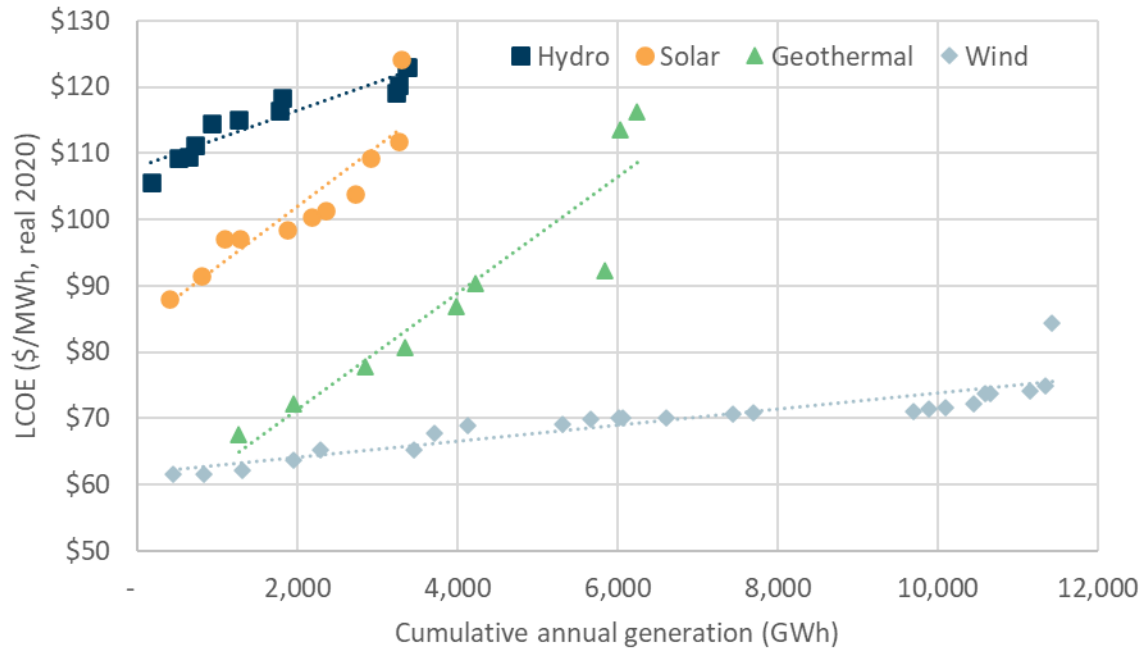
# Electricity demand



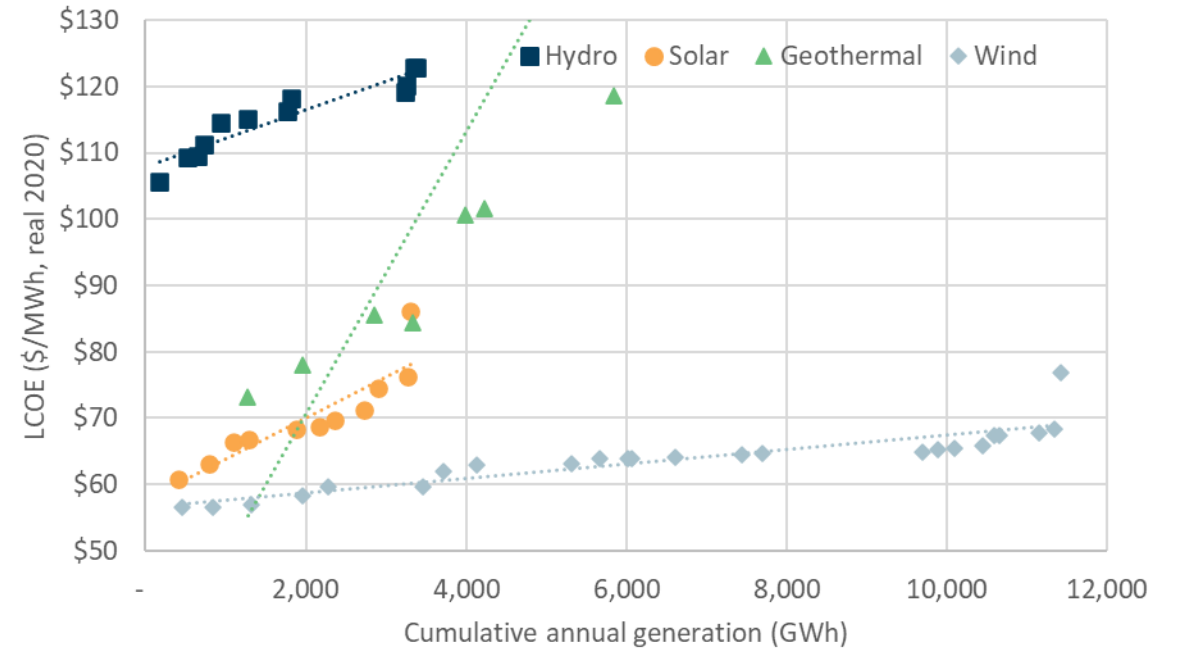
**Electricity demand growth for the Demonstration Pathway (TWh)**

# Generation assessment

2020 generation stack



2035 generation stack



# Generation operation and expansion

Baseload demand  
= **37-60TWh**

Baseload supply:

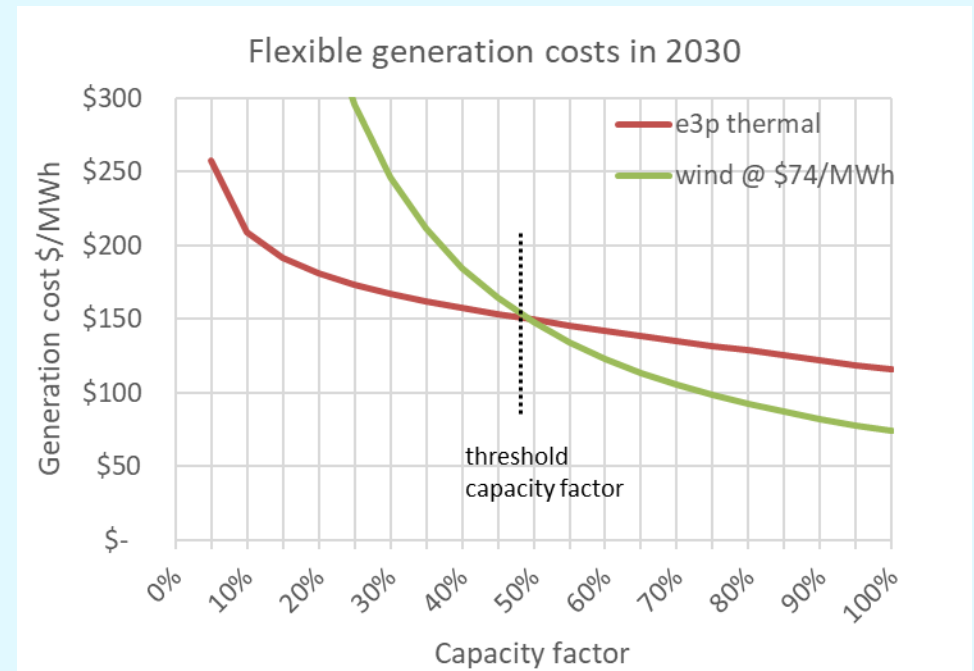
- Renewables
- Firmed with hydro

Flexible demand ~ **6TWh**

- hydro variability
- seasonal variability

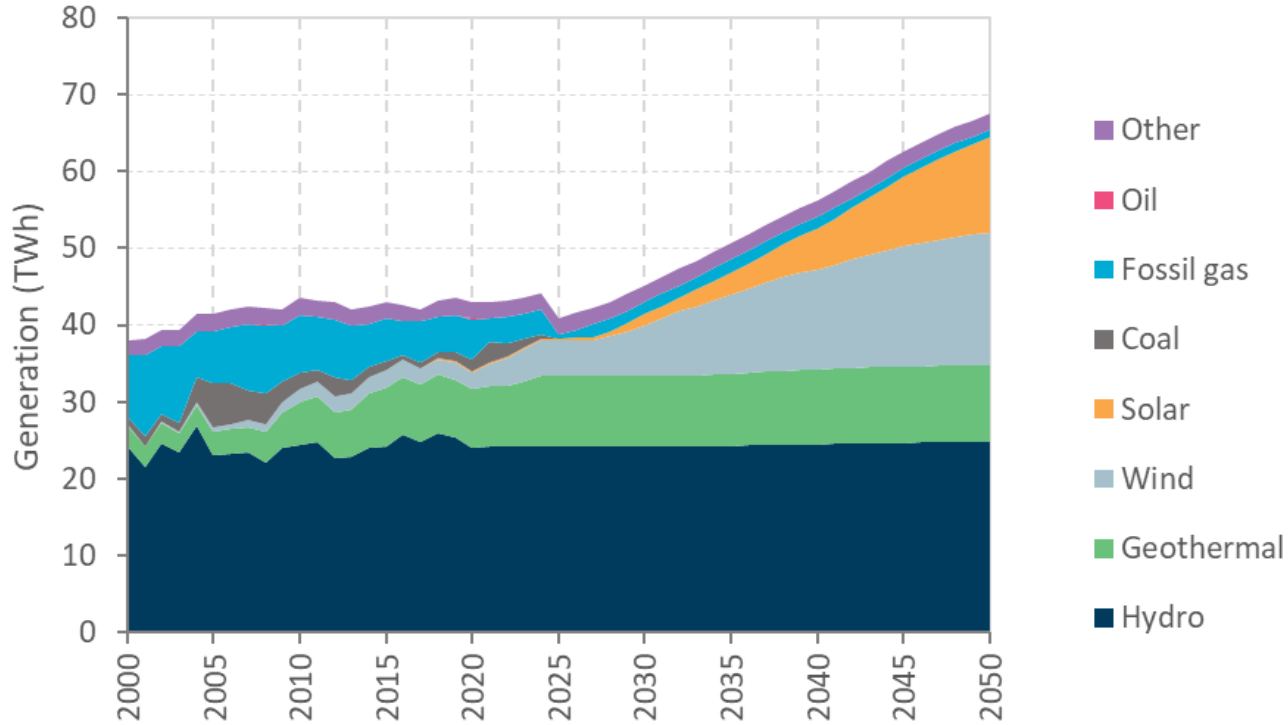
Flexible supply

- Thermals
- Renewable overbuild

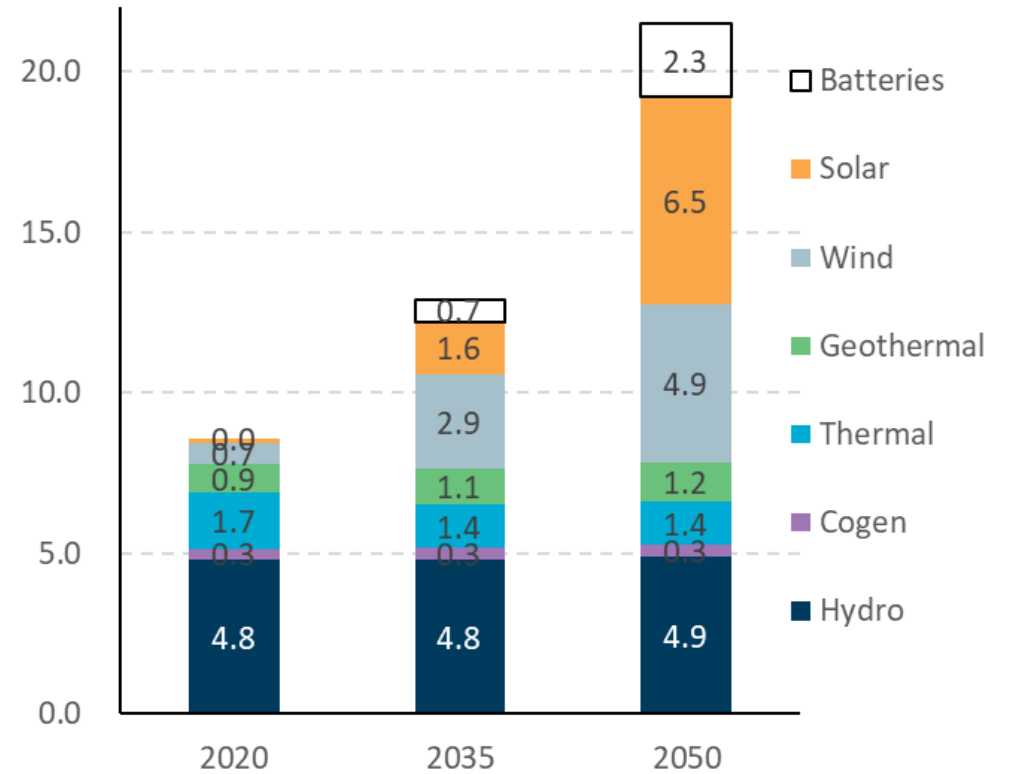


# Generation operation and expansion

Annual generation by type

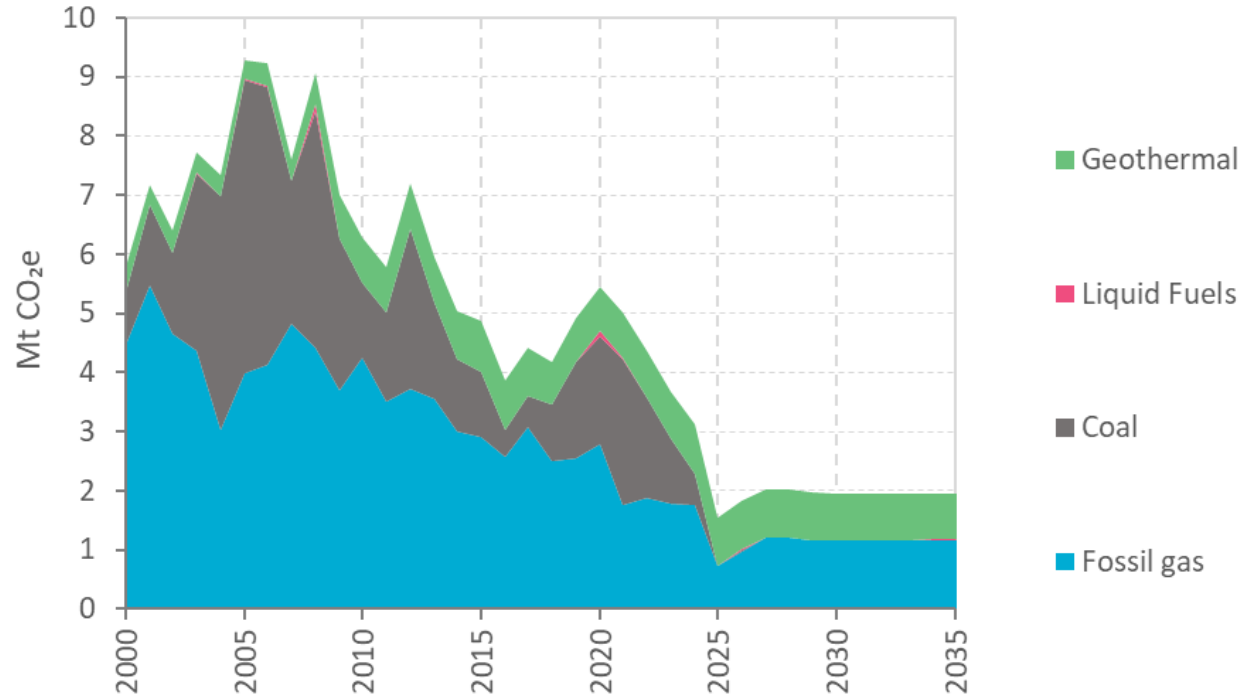


Installed capacity (GW)

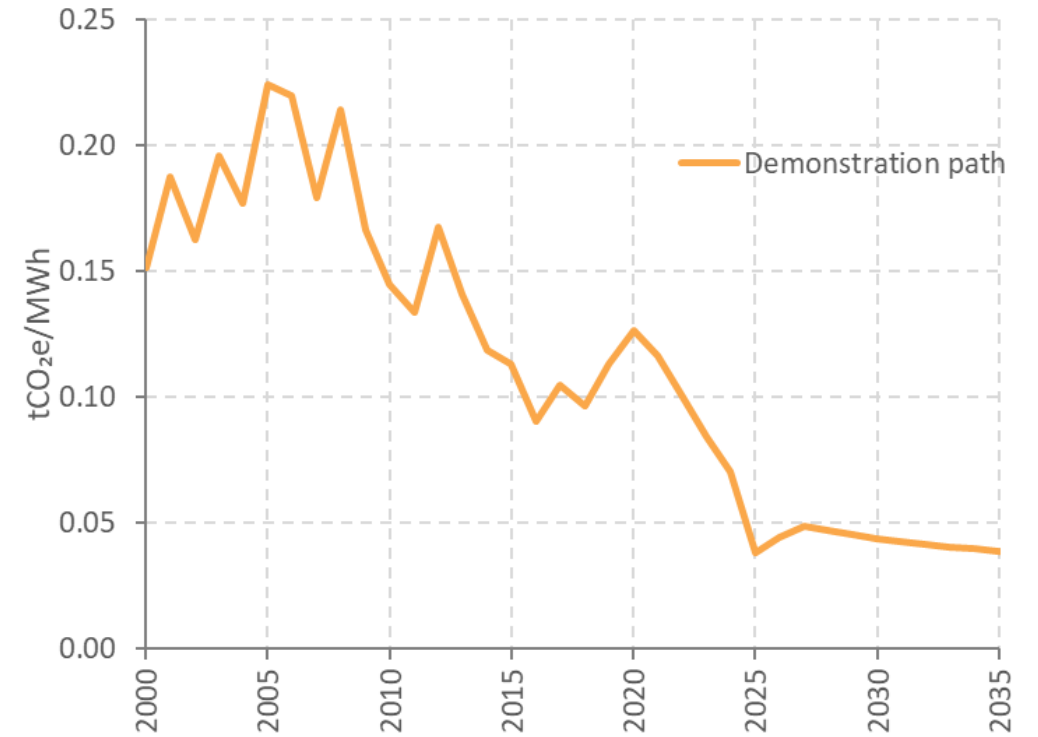


# Generation emissions

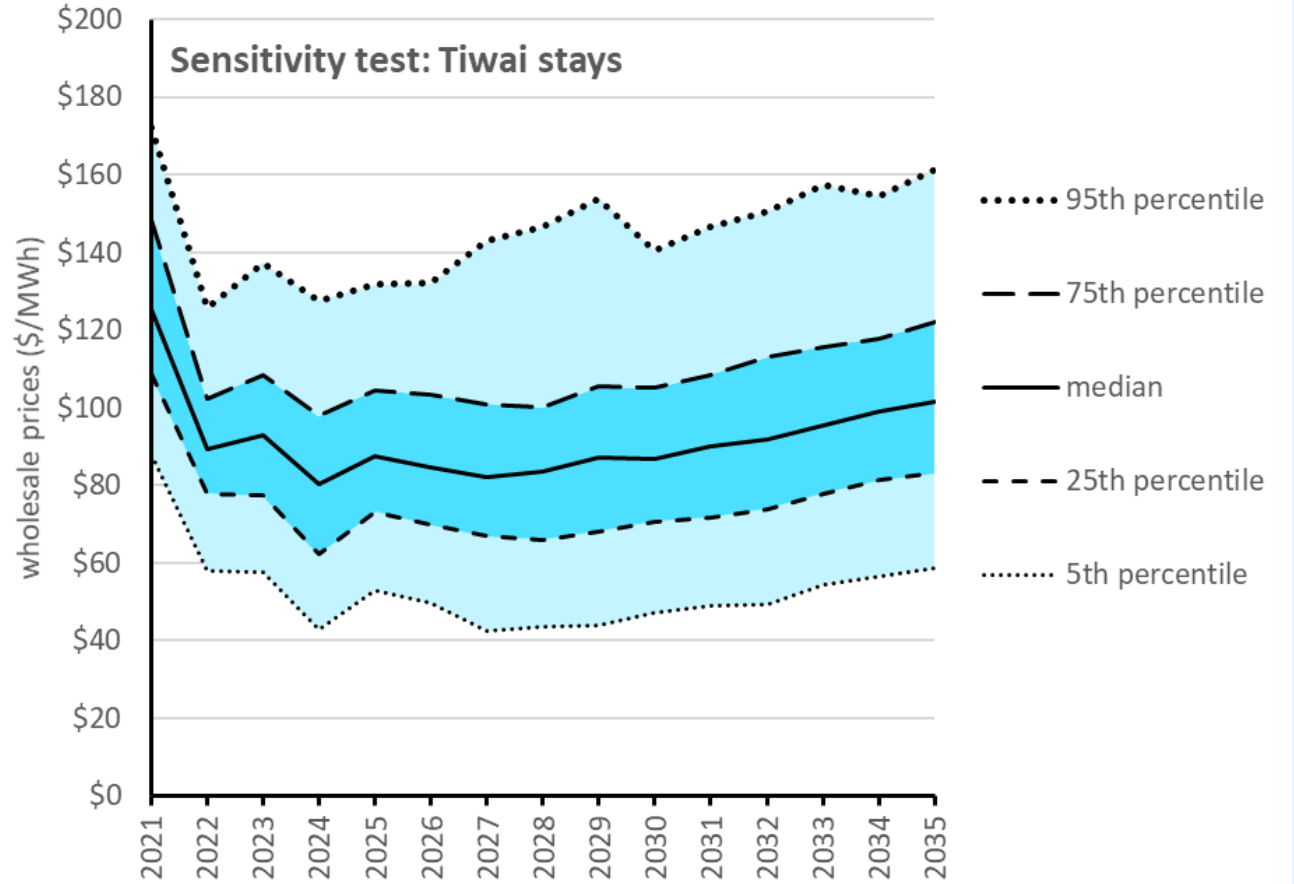
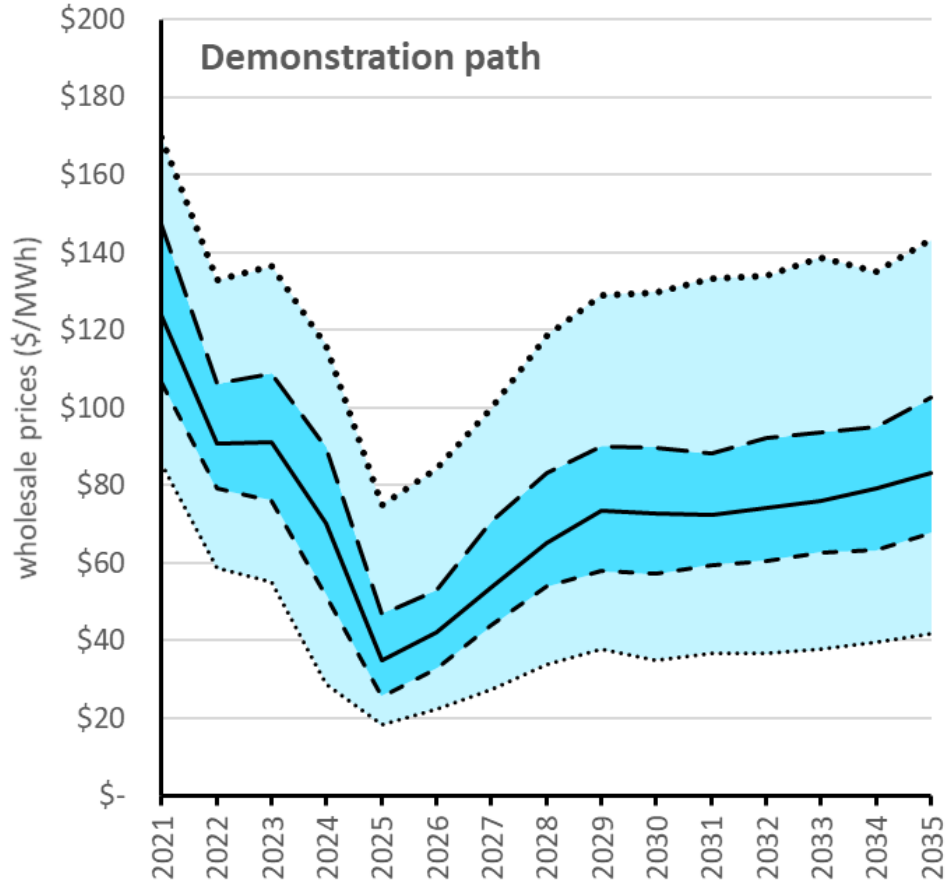
Annual generation emissions



Emissions intensity of generation



# Wholesale prices

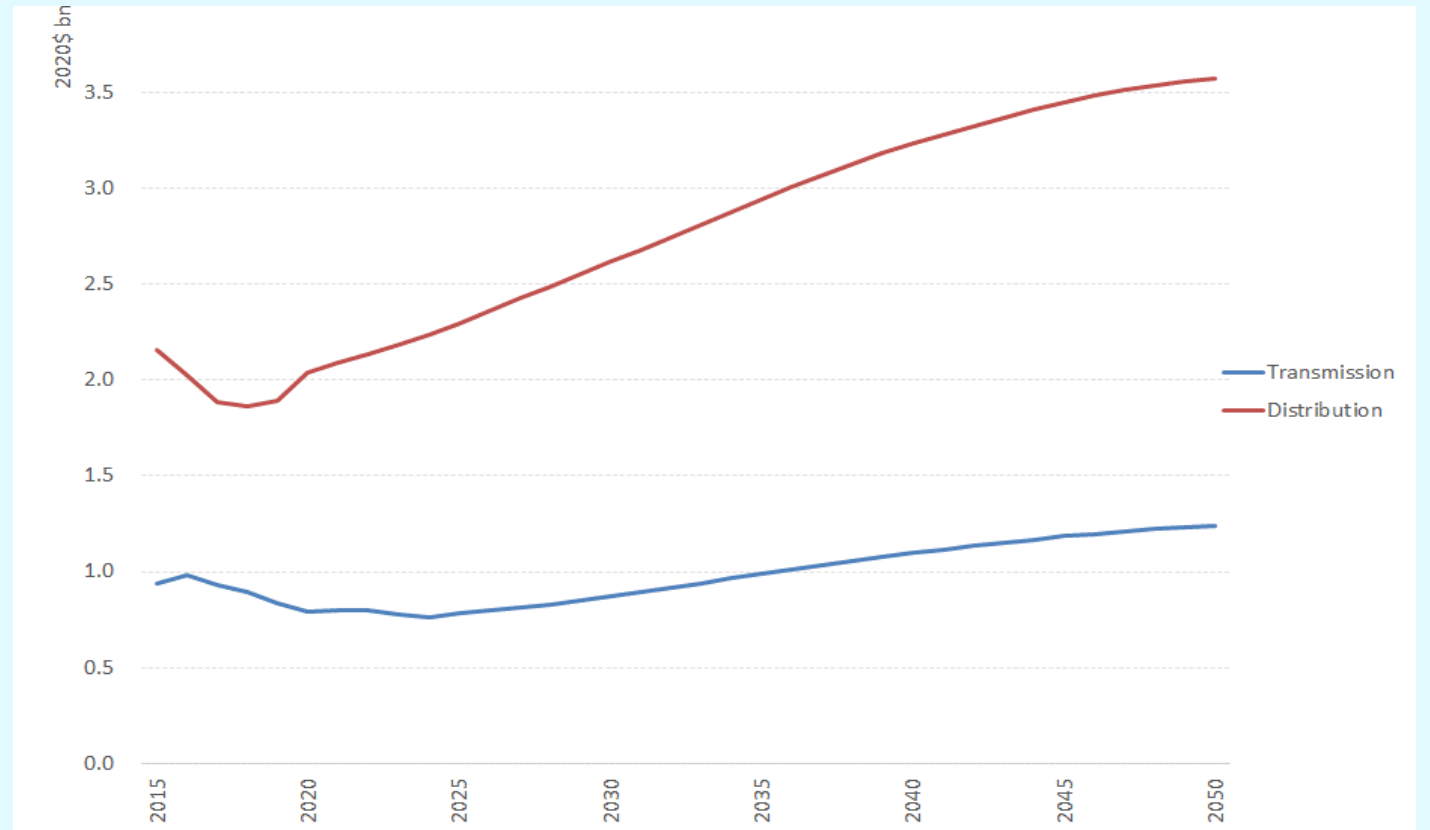


*Time-weighted average wholesale prices the Haywards GXP (\$/MWh 2020)*

# Network costs

Network costs are driven by:

- Gross demand (MW, GWh)
- Number of ICPs (network extent)
- Other factors (e.g maintenance)

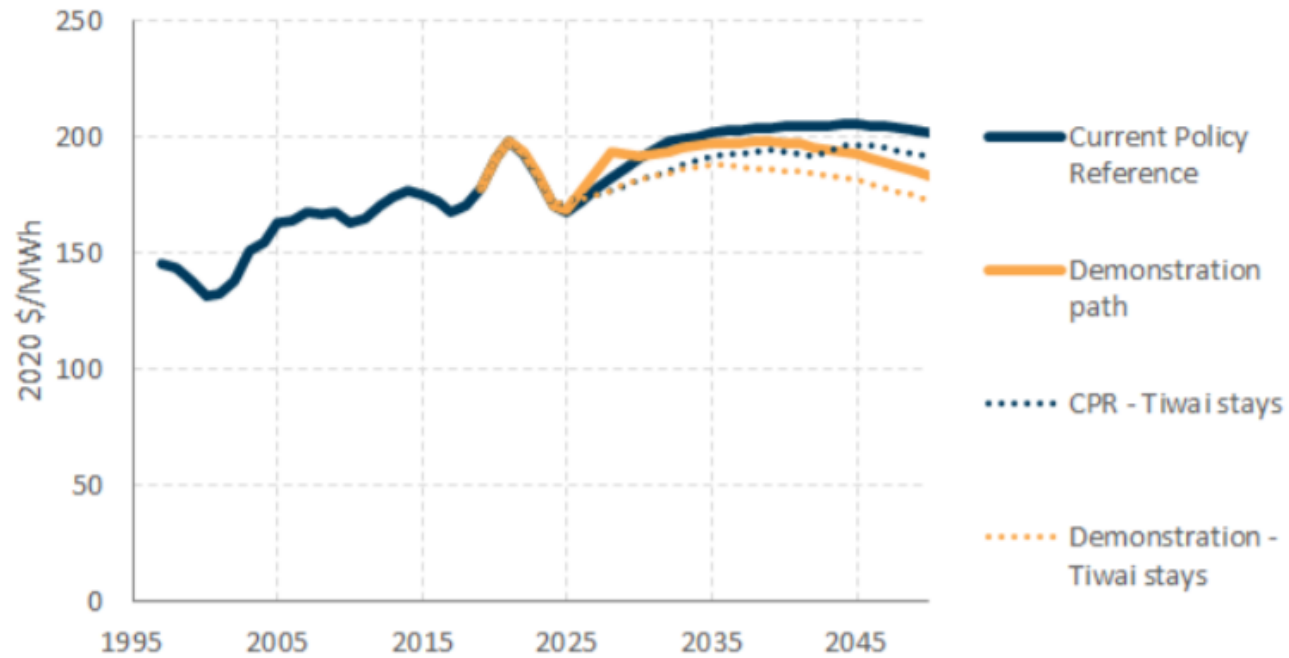


**Projected electricity network costs under the demonstration path (2020 \$bn)**

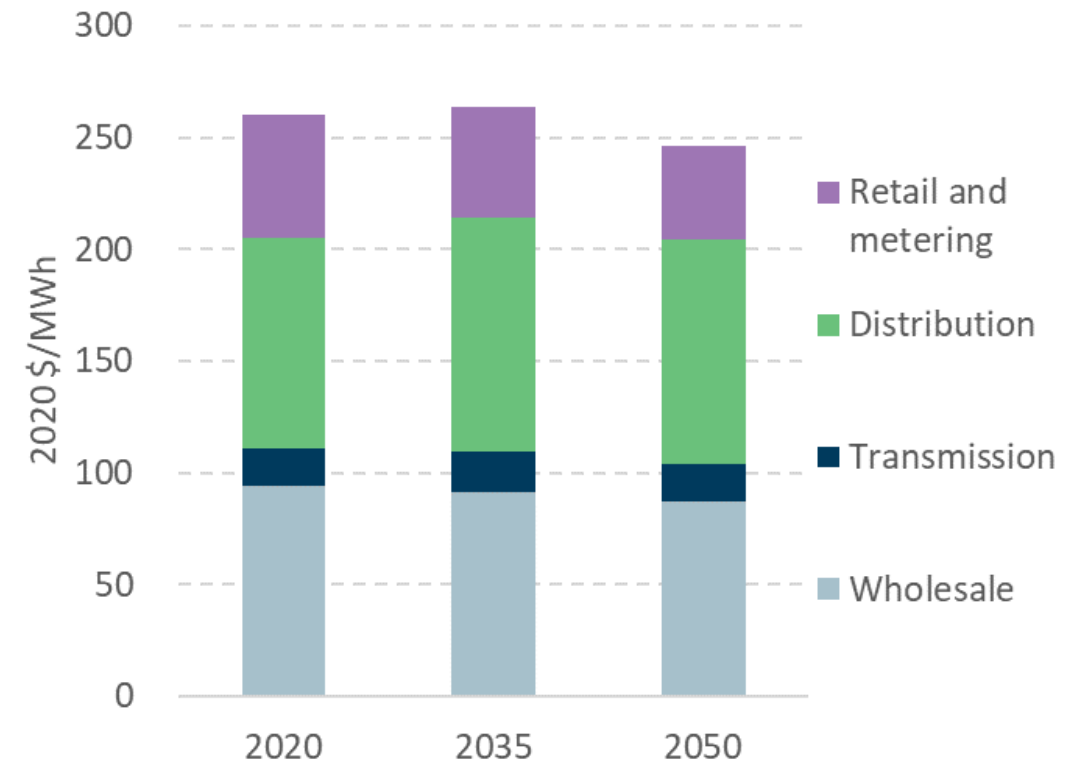


# Consumer prices

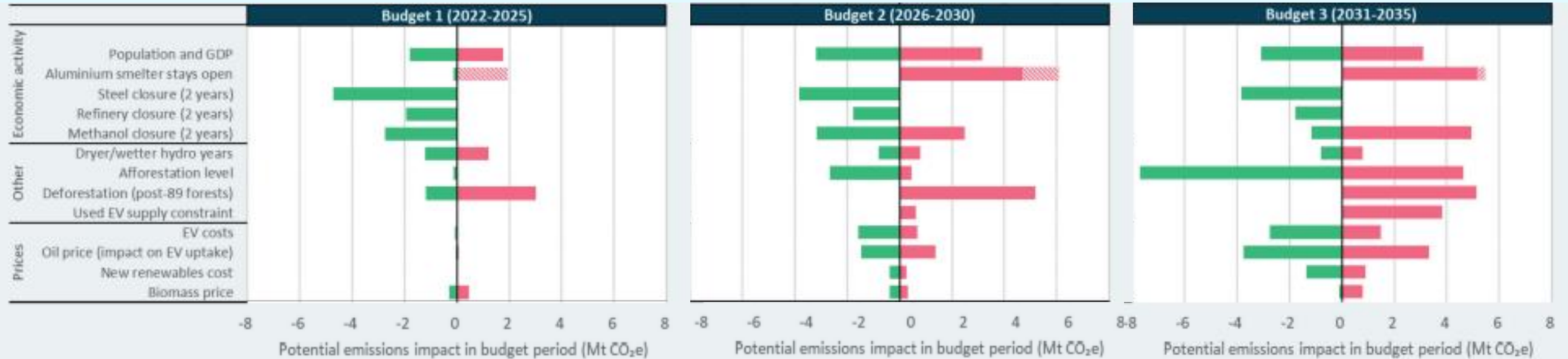
Figure 7: Fully-variabilised electricity prices across all consumers



Fully-variabilised residential electricity price



# Sensitivities



# Thanks

For more information:

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## CCC

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- Ralph Samuelson
- Chris Holland
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- Briana Yee

## Concept

- Simon Coates

## Energy Link

- Mark Nelson
- Greg Sise



**He Pou a Rangi**  
Climate Change Commission